

This Checklist is provided to further assist the home owner:

	Home building- You will probably need a full time general contractor to build a house, as they will	
	have the appropriate contacts and relationships with subcontractors - electricians, plumbers, etc.	
	Renovations- A small time contractor who will pitch in himself is a good choice - smaller jobs can	
	be more cost effective if the foreman is also working.	
	<u>Landscaping</u> - A contractor who specializes in landscaping is your best bet as they will have the	
	right contacts - nurseries, greenhouses, etc.	
	<u>Light remodeling</u> - Look for a specialist in the area you are remodeling - some contractors	
	specialize in kitchens and baths, for example.	
REFERENCES		
	Recommendations- Ask for the names and numbers of past clients you can check with who will	
	vouch for quality of work done, budget adherence, and professionalism.	
	<u>Personal references-</u> Ask for names and numbers of people who will vouch for personal integrity.	
	<u>Legal-</u> Check to see if the contractor has any lawsuits pending.	
	Online- Google the contractor in search of any information - good or bad.	
	BBB Check- with the Better Business Bureau to see if any complaints have been filed.	
INTERVIEWING		
	Company history- How long has the contractor been in business? It's best to select a contractor	
	who has been in business at least 5 years.	
	<u>Goals-</u> Ask the contractor to explain clearly the solution he suggests to reach your goals.	
	Quality standards- Ask what guidelines the contractor uses to determine his quality standards.	
	<u>Professional designation-</u> Ask if the contractor has a specialty designation in any category of	
	home improvement/remodeling.	
	<u>Trade membership</u> - A contractor who is the member of a trade association is more likely to be up	
	to date on current materials, codes and methods.	

	Price-Ask the contractor for a final bid in writing that includes a detailed account of how	
	budgeted funds will be allocated.	
REQUIREMENTS		
	Insurance- Your contractor should carry workman's compensation for anyone injured on your	
	property. They should also carry general liability insurance in case they damage your property.	
	Licensing- If you live in a region where licensing is required, make sure your contractor is	
	properly certified and up to date.	
	Permits- The contractor should demonstrate capability to acquire all the required permits as	
	applicable by local law.	
CONTRACT		
	Start/end dates- There should be a clear timeline for job completion.	
	Payment- You can expect to pay a deposit upfront and to supply payments at milestones, but the	
	final payment should not be released until the job is completed to your satisfaction.	
	<u>Warranty-</u> This should be spelled out in the contract with all parties under obligation clearly	
	identified.	
	Dispute resolution- Especially if the job is large, a mediation process should be agreed upon in	
	case of conflict.	
	Clean up- Unless you want to be left with a mess, make clean-up by the contractor one of the	
	stipulations for release of final payment.	
	Penalties- Write a per day penalty into the contract that will deduct from the price of the job if	
	the contractor does not finish in the time frame agreed upon.	
	Bonus- Likewise, a bonus can be offered for completion of the job earlier than planned - but	
	make sure your contractor doesn't cut corners to finish early.	